

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024



Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
TABLE OF CONTENTS
December 31, 2024

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	11
Statement of Cash Flows	12
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	
General Fund	34
Road and Bridge Fund	35
Social Services Fund	36
Justice Center Fund	37
Supplementary Information:	
Combining General Fund Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet	38
Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	39
Combining Schedules of Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	40
Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	41
Combining Schedule of Expenditures and Transfers Out -	
All Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and All Proprietary Funds – Budget and Actual	42

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
TABLE OF CONTENTS
December 31, 2024

	<u>Page</u>
Other Schedules and Reports:	
Local Highway Finance Report	43
Single Audit Section:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	45
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	48
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	49
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	51
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	54
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	55
Passenger Facility Charge Program Audit Section:	
Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended	56
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Passenger Facility Charge Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Requirements Issued by the Federal Aviation Administration	57
Schedule of Findings	59

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners
Alamosa County, Colorado
Alamosa, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alamosa County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,

Certified Public Accountants

forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the

information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the Local Highway Finance Report, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the provisions of the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (the Guide), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such information is the responsibility of management, was derived from, and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the schedule of passenger facility charges collected and expended, and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 6, 2025 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

June 6, 2025

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2024

	Primary Government		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,856,402	\$ 1,177,260	\$ 33,033,662
Accounts Receivable	270,608	45,611	316,219
Internal Balances	367,241	1,759	369,000
Due from Other Governments	2,177,055	365,846	2,542,901
Property Taxes Receivable	5,357,566	-	5,357,566
Leases Receivable	-	250,653	250,653
Loan Receivable	468,548	-	468,548
Inventories	223,757	-	223,757
Prepaid Expenses	17,438	-	17,438
Total Current Assets	40,738,615	1,841,129	42,579,744
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated:	832,545	5,381,334	6,213,879
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	49,966,815	18,748,219	68,715,034
Total Noncurrent Assets	50,799,360	24,129,553	74,928,913
TOTAL ASSETS	91,537,975	25,970,682	117,508,657
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	714,263	396,331	1,110,594
Accrued Liabilities	14,577	903	15,480
Construction Retainage Payable	-	455,969	455,969
Due to Other Governments	416,514	-	416,514
Unearned Grant Revenue	1,130,463	-	1,130,463
Long-term Liabilities - due within one year (Note 10)	2,090,322	-	2,090,322
Total Current Liabilities	4,366,139	853,203	5,219,342
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Long-term Liabilities (Note 10)	16,841,853	-	16,841,853
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,841,853	-	16,841,853
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,207,992	853,203	22,061,195
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	5,357,566	-	5,357,566
Unavailable Revenue - Leases	-	250,653	250,653
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,357,566	250,653	5,608,219
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	32,811,178	24,129,553	56,940,731
Restricted for:			
TABOR	825,000	-	825,000
Unrestricted	31,336,239	737,273	32,073,512
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 64,972,417	\$ 24,866,826	\$ 89,839,243

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Primary Government		TOTAL
					Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 6,309,016	\$ 1,088,398	\$ 568,776	\$ -	\$ (4,651,842)	\$ -	\$ (4,651,842)
Public Safety	7,316,064	137,370	635,477	-	(6,543,217)	-	(6,543,217)
Health and Welfare	18,701,981	347,476	17,373,747	-	(980,758)	-	(980,758)
Highways and Streets	3,764,371	41,853	2,330,516	-	(1,392,002)	-	(1,392,002)
Judicial	633,297	-	-	180,482	(452,815)	-	(452,815)
Auxiliary Services	583,544	-	82,594	-	(500,950)	-	(500,950)
Culture and Recreation	1,267,465	-	119,140	-	(1,148,325)	-	(1,148,325)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	643,996	-	-	-	(643,996)	-	(643,996)
Total Governmental Activities	39,219,734	1,615,097	21,110,250	180,482	(16,313,905)	-	(16,313,905)
Business-Type Activities							
Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund	88,408	52,148	-	-	-	(36,260)	(36,260)
Airport	2,115,690	390,533	-	3,920,561	-	2,195,404	2,195,404
Total Business-Type Activities	2,204,098	442,681	-	3,920,561	-	2,159,144	2,159,144
Total Primary Government	\$ 41,423,832	\$ 2,057,778	\$ 21,110,250	\$ 4,101,043	(16,313,905)	2,159,144	(14,154,761)
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
General Property Taxes - Net					6,076,677	-	6,076,677
Sales Taxes					8,351,013	-	8,351,013
Other Taxes					1,875,428	-	1,875,428
Payment in Lieu of Taxes					305,435	-	305,435
Interest on Investments					1,666,311	465	1,666,776
Miscellaneous					252,206	40,111	292,317
Gain on Sale of Assets					15,380	-	15,380
Transfers					(790,000)	790,000	-
Total General Revenues, Special Items, and Transfers					17,752,450	830,576	18,583,026
Change in Net Position					1,438,545	2,989,720	4,428,265
Net Position - Beginning of Year					63,533,872	21,877,106	85,410,978
Net Position - End of Year					\$ 64,972,417	\$ 24,866,826	\$ 89,839,243

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Justice Center Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,599,412	\$ 4,143,104	\$ 4,170,204	\$ 4,939,273	\$ 2,887,546	\$ 31,739,539
Accounts Receivable	57,261	1,163	2,762	-	209,422	270,608
Property Taxes Receivable	4,582,581	-	714,545	-	60,440	5,357,566
Due from Other Funds	1,219,128	6,619	-	150,052	17	1,375,816
Due from Other Governments	752,269	269,820	194,599	800,726	159,641	2,177,055
Loan Receivable	468,548	-	-	-	-	468,548
Inventory	-	223,757	-	-	-	223,757
Prepaid Expenses	15,266	-	-	-	2,172	17,438
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 22,694,465	\$ 4,644,463	\$ 5,082,110	\$ 5,890,051	\$ 3,319,238	\$ 41,630,327
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 259,722	\$ 14,630	\$ 399,313	\$ 5,893	\$ 34,705	\$ 714,263
Accrued Liabilities	16,703	(9)	(2,117)	-	-	14,577
Due to Other Funds	157,864	30,404	89,199	730,525	583	1,008,575
Due to Other Governments	416,514	-	-	-	-	416,514
Unearned Revenue - Grants	-	-	1,034,828	-	95,635	1,130,463
TOTAL LIABILITIES	850,803	45,025	1,521,223	736,418	130,923	3,284,392
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	4,582,581	-	714,545	-	60,440	5,357,566
Unavailable Revenue - Loan Revenue	468,548	-	-	-	-	468,548
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,051,129	-	714,545	-	60,440	5,826,114
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	15,266	223,757	-	-	2,172	241,195
Restricted	825,000	-	-	-	-	825,000
Committed	457,904	4,375,681	2,846,342	5,153,633	3,125,703	15,959,263
Assigned	776,274	-	-	-	-	776,274
Unassigned	14,718,089	-	-	-	-	14,718,089
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	16,792,533	4,599,438	2,846,342	5,153,633	3,127,875	32,519,821
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 22,694,465	\$ 4,644,463	\$ 5,082,110	\$ 5,890,051	\$ 3,319,238	\$ 41,630,327

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2024

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 32,519,821
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</p>	
<p>Loans receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.</p>	468,548
<p>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.</p>	50,799,360
<p>Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.</p>	
<p>Financed Purchase Agreements</p>	\$ (1,945,957)
<p>Certificates of Participation</p>	(14,635,000)
<p>Premium on COP's</p>	(1,407,225)
<p>Compensated Absences</p>	(943,993)
	(18,932,175)
<p>Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.</p>	
	116,863
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 64,972,417

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Justice Center Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 8,923,572	\$ 528,303	\$ 955,241	\$ 4,638,445	\$ 1,257,557	\$ 16,303,118
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,183,816	2,675,700	15,809,007	180,482	1,712,567	21,561,572
Licenses and Permits	271,559	-	-	-	117,475	389,034
Charges for Services	1,059,062	-	-	-	218,335	1,277,397
Fines and Forfeitures	39,683	-	-	-	-	39,683
Interest on Investments	1,643,816	-	-	-	22,495	1,666,311
Miscellaneous	329,239	142,593	-	79,538	159,894	711,264
TOTAL REVENUES	13,450,747	3,346,596	16,764,248	4,898,465	3,488,323	41,948,379
EXPENDITURES						
Current Expenditures						
General Government	5,380,153	-	-	478,884	4,900	5,863,937
Public Safety	6,249,915	-	-	79,538	-	6,329,453
Health and Welfare	-	-	16,444,178	-	2,178,428	18,622,606
Highways and Streets	-	2,783,185	-	-	-	2,783,185
Judicial	633,297	-	-	-	-	633,297
Auxiliary Services	583,544	-	-	-	-	583,544
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	1,132,957	1,132,957
Capital Outlay	183,458	699,879	-	442,277	447,029	1,772,643
Debt Service	-	145,665	-	1,695,300	197,620	2,038,585
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,030,367	3,628,729	16,444,178	2,695,999	3,960,934	39,760,207
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	420,380	(282,133)	320,070	2,202,466	(472,611)	2,188,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	2,582,057	107,000	-	-	283,100	2,972,157
Transfers Out	(1,073,100)	-	-	(2,582,057)	(107,000)	(3,762,157)
Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Fixed Assets	15,380	-	-	-	-	15,380
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,524,337	107,000	-	(2,582,057)	176,100	(774,620)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,944,717	(175,133)	320,070	(379,591)	(296,511)	1,413,552
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	14,847,816	4,774,571	2,526,272	5,533,224	3,424,386	31,106,269
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 16,792,533	\$ 4,599,438	\$ 2,846,342	\$ 5,153,633	\$ 3,127,875	\$ 32,519,821

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **\$ 1,413,552**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Revenues in the governmental funds that provide current financial resources for loans receivable accrued in the statement of net position. -

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Fixed Asset Additions	\$ 1,644,883	
Deletions Net of Accumulated Depreciation	(31,252)	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(2,479,641)</u>	(866,010)

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The bond premium provides a current financial resource to governmental funds, but must be capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.

Debt Proceeds	-	
Financed Purchase Agreement Principal Payments	251,660	
Certificates of Participation Payments	1,015,000	
COP Premium Amortization	<u>127,929</u>	1,394,589

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences		(529,977)
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Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

26,391

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **\$ 1,438,545**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS			TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
	AIRPORT FUND	MOSCA WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND	
	FUND	TREATMENT FUND	ACTIVITIES	FUND	
	FUND	TREATMENT FUND	ACTIVITIES	FUND	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,112,115	\$ 65,145	\$ 1,177,260	\$ 116,863	
Accounts Receivable	38,216	7,395	45,611	-	
Due from Other Government	365,846	-	365,846	-	
Due from Other Funds	2,282	-	2,282	-	
Lease Receivable	250,653	-	250,653	-	
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	-	-	
Total Current Assets	1,769,112	72,540	1,841,652	116,863	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:	5,365,637	15,697	5,381,334	-	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	17,393,702	1,354,517	18,748,219	-	
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,759,339	1,370,214	24,129,553	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	24,528,451	1,442,754	25,971,205	116,863	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	392,407	3,924	396,331	-	
Accrued Liabilities	903	-	903	-	
Construction Retainage Payable	455,969	-	455,969	-	
Due to Other Funds	523	-	523	-	
Financed Purchase Agreement	-	-	-	-	
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	-	
Total Current Liabilities	849,802	3,924	853,726	-	
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Financed Purchase Agreement	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	849,802	3,924	853,726	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Leases	250,653	-	250,653	-	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	22,759,339	1,370,214	24,129,553	-	
Unrestricted	668,657	68,616	737,273	116,863	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 23,427,996	\$ 1,438,830	\$ 24,866,826	\$ 116,863	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS			GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
	AIRPORT FUND	MOSCA WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND	TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND
	FUND	TREATMENT FUND	ACTIVITIES	FUND
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 390,533	\$ 52,148	\$ 442,681	\$ -
Employer Contributions	-	-	-	1,609,118
Employee Contributions	-	-	-	676,617
Miscellaneous	35,410	4,701	40,111	1
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	425,943	56,849	482,792	2,285,736
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and Benefits	490,012	921	490,933	-
Materials and Supplies	189,756	32,300	222,056	-
Contractual Services	71,970	20,326	92,296	2,384
Insurance Premiums and Claims	-	-	-	2,256,961
Depreciation	1,077,404	27,762	1,105,166	-
Other	286,100	7,099	293,199	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,115,242	88,408	2,203,650	2,259,345
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,689,299)	(31,559)	(1,720,858)	26,391
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Grant Revenue	3,920,561	-	3,920,561	-
Fuel Farm Donation	-	-	-	-
Interest on Investments	465	-	465	-
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Interest Expense	(448)	-	(448)	-
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	3,920,578	-	3,920,578	-
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	2,231,279	(31,559)	2,199,720	26,391
Transfer In	700,000	90,000	790,000	-
TOTAL TRANSFERS	700,000	90,000	790,000	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,931,279	58,441	2,989,720	26,391
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	20,496,717	1,380,389	21,877,106	90,472
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 23,427,996	\$ 1,438,830	\$ 24,866,826	\$ 116,863

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
PROPRIETARY FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS			GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
	MOSCA		TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	HEALTH INSURANCE FUND
	AIRPORT FUND	WASTEWATER TREATMENT FUND		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Received From Services Provided	\$ 410,745	\$ 54,154	\$ 464,899	\$ -
Cash Received From Interfund Services Provided	-	-	-	2,284,294
Cash Paid to Employees for Services Provided	(490,012)	(921)	(490,933)	-
Cash Paid to Suppliers/Vendors	(300,165)	(85,244)	(385,409)	(2,259,345)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(379,432)	(32,011)	(411,443)	24,949
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer from Other Funds	700,000	90,000	790,000	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(4,619,130)	(31,511)	(4,650,641)	-
Grant Proceeds	4,116,819	-	4,116,819	-
Fuel Farm Donation	-	-	-	-
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(13,505)	-	(13,505)	-
Interest Expense	(448)	-	(448)	-
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(516,264)	(31,511)	(547,775)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest Income	465	-	465	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(195,231)	26,478	(168,753)	24,949
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,307,346	38,667	1,346,013	91,914
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,112,115	\$ 65,145	\$ 1,177,260	\$ 116,863
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,689,299)	\$ (31,559)	\$ (1,720,858)	\$ 26,391
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Depreciation Expense	1,077,404	27,762	1,105,166	-
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(15,721)	(2,695)	(18,416)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	1,797	-	1,797	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	248,146	(25,519)	222,627	-
Increase (Decrease) in Due from Other Funds	(1,759)	-	(1,759)	(1,442)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (379,432)	\$ (32,011)	\$ (411,443)	\$ 24,949

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2024

	COUNTY TREASURER	PUBLIC TRUSTEE	JAIL COMMISSARY	TOTAL CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,349,133	\$ 46,868	\$ 130,835	\$ 1,526,836
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-
Property Tax Receivable	10,183,343	-	-	10,183,343
TOTAL ASSETS	11,532,476	46,868	130,835	11,710,179
LIABILITIES				
Funds Held For Others	\$ 980,133	-	-	980,133
Due to General Fund	369,000	-	-	369,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,349,133	-	-	1,349,133
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	10,183,343	-	-	10,183,343
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, Organizations, and Other				
Governments	-	46,868	130,835	177,703
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ -	\$ 46,868	\$ 130,835	\$ 177,703

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
FIDUCIARY FUND
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
December 31, 2024

	COUNTY	PUBLIC	JAIL	TOTAL
	TREASURER	TRUSTEE	COMMISSARY	CUSTODIAL
				FUNDS
ADDITIONS				
Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 14,425,453	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,425,453
Public Trustee Activity	-	425,577	-	425,577
Held for Others	-	-	551,789	551,789
Miscellaneous	14,276,589	-	-	14,276,589
Total Additions	<u>28,702,042</u>	<u>425,577</u>	<u>551,789</u>	<u>29,679,408</u>
DEDUCTIONS				
Taxes Disbursed	28,702,042	-	-	28,702,042
Public Trustee Disbursements	-	408,946	-	408,946
Funds Held for Others	-	-	618,470	618,470
Total Deductions	<u>28,702,042</u>	<u>408,946</u>	<u>618,470</u>	<u>29,729,458</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	<u>-</u>	<u>16,631</u>	<u>(66,681)</u>	<u>(50,050)</u>
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	<u>-</u>	<u>30,237</u>	<u>197,516</u>	<u>227,753</u>
Net Position - End of the Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 46,868</u>	<u>\$ 130,835</u>	<u>\$ 177,703</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

The County is a political subdivision organized under the statutes of the State of Colorado. The County is governed by a three-member Board of County Commissioners (the Board). Each commissioner is elected at-large by the voters of the County to represent one of the three separate districts and must reside in the district for which he or she is elected. There are also six other elected officials - assessor, clerk and recorder, coroner, sheriff, district attorney, and treasurer. The treasurer is also the County Public Trustee.

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents including general administration, public safety, highways and streets, parks and open spaces, health and social services, airport operations, public improvements, planning, zoning, and predatory animal control.

The County's combined financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The County is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County
- The organization is financially accountable to the County
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the County; and the County has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the County.

The Northwest Weed Control District was voted into existence in 1989. In 1992, the Alamosa County Commissioners assumed administration of the District and tax revenue received by the fund. The District is blended into the County's financial statements as a special revenue fund.

The Alamosa County Events and Facilities Local Marketing District was voted into existence November 3, 2003. The County Commissioners administer the District and tax revenue received by the fund. The District is blended into the County's financial statements as a special revenue fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County and its component units, except for County fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The **Road and Bridge Fund** is used to account for the maintenance and improvements of streets and highways. The sources of funds include property taxes, highway users fees, and other revenue sources.
- The **Social Services Fund** is used to account for the operations of social programs; i.e. Temporary Aid to Needy Families, Old Age Pension, Aide to the Blind, Aide to the Needy and Disabled, among others. Financing is provided by grants, allotments, and property tax revenue.
- The **Justice Center Fund** is used to account for sales taxes collected to meet the statutory obligations of the County to provide adequate judicial and detention facilities.

Proprietary fund financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is dependent upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The County's proprietary funds consist of two enterprise funds and an internal service fund described as follows:

- The **Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund** is an enterprise fund used to provide quality sewer service to the residents of Mosca. The fund is supported by fees of the users. Expenses are for operation and repair of the sewage system.
- The **Airport Fund** is an enterprise fund used to provide airport services to the San Luis Valley. The Airport is supported by intergovernmental revenue, fuel sales and landing fees. Expenses are for operation and repair of the airport.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

- The *Health Insurance Fund* is an internal service fund used to account for the County's group medical insurance program. Revenues are derived from County contributions and employee contributions. Expenses are for the purchase of health insurance premiums.

The proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses, and premium payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The fiduciary fund financial statements consist of custodial funds that are fiduciary in nature and present changes in fiduciary net position. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in a fiduciary capacity.

- The *Public Trustee Fund* was established to account for expenditures for the Public Trustee's Office. The Public Trustee is appointed by the Governor of Colorado for a four-year term. This office administers foreclosures including issuance of Public Trustee deeds, cure of default and lien redemptions.
- The *County Treasurer Fund* accounts for monies collected (principally tax collections) by the Alamosa County Treasurer for various local government entities within the County.
- The *Jail Commissary Fund* is used to account for funds collected for and disbursed for inmates.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION / FUND BALANCE

Cash

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The County Treasurer bills and collects all property taxes for the County. Property tax revenue is recognized by the County to the extent it results in a current receivable. The 2024 property tax levy due January 1, 2025, has been recorded in the financial statements as a receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Receivables/Payables from Other County Funds

Balances that originate from current lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as “Due To/From Other Funds”.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the special revenue funds consists of expendable supplies held for use. Reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory policy on government-wide statements is consistent with fund statements.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building	35-50
Furniture & Fixtures	5-10
General Equipment	3-20
Vehicles	5-15
Infrastructure	5-50

Leases

Lessor: The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, governmental, and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources is recognized as revenues over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The County monitors changes in circumstance that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

In accordance with GASB statement No. 87, *Leases*; previously recorded leases have been renamed as financed purchase agreements.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

County employees may earn and accumulate unused vacation and sick leave benefits. All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Encumbrances

The County does not record purchase orders in the accounting system until invoices are ready for payment. Unfulfilled purchase commitments outstanding at the end of the budget year are rebudgeted in the succeeding year. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in the following three components:

- *Net investment in capital assets* – consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- *Restricted* – consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Unrestricted* – consists of net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are classified based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints for the specific purposes on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance* – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form—such as inventory and prepaid insurance.
- *Restricted Fund Balance* – amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

- *Committed Fund Balance* – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed through resolution by the Board of County Commissioners, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- *Assigned Fund Balance* – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of County Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Justice Center Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ -	\$ 223,757	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 223,757
Prepaid Expenses	15,266	-	-	-	2,172	17,438
	<u>15,266</u>	<u>223,757</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,172</u>	<u>241,195</u>
Restricted						
TABOR	825,000	-	-	-	-	825,000
Committed						
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	173,404	173,404
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	134,902	134,902
Equip. Acquisition	236,517	-	-	-	-	236,517
Radar Tower	16,167	-	-	-	-	16,167
Clerk E-Recording	205,220	-	-	-	-	205,220
Highways and Streets	-	4,375,681	-	-	-	4,375,681
Health and Welfare	-	-	2,846,342	-	896,462	3,742,804
Public Safety	-	-	-	5,153,633	-	5,153,633
Culture and Rec.	-	-	-	-	1,896,187	1,896,187
Weed Control	-	-	-	-	24,748	24,748
	<u>457,904</u>	<u>4,375,681</u>	<u>2,846,342</u>	<u>5,153,633</u>	<u>3,125,703</u>	<u>15,959,263</u>
Assigned						
Designated for Future Expenditures	776,274	-	-	-	-	776,274
Unassigned						
	<u>14,718,089</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,718,089</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 16,792,533</u>	<u>\$ 4,599,438</u>	<u>\$ 2,846,342</u>	<u>\$ 5,153,633</u>	<u>\$ 3,127,875</u>	<u>\$ 32,519,821</u>

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications were made to fiscal year 2023 financial statements in order to conform to the fiscal year 2024 financial statement presentation.

New Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2024, the County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, that aligns the recognition and measurement guidance for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means under a unified model. In addition, it amended certain previously required disclosures. There is no effect on beginning net position as a result of the implementation of this standard.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Alamosa County follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff, which shall be submitted to the Board no later than October 15 of each year.
- Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the County. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. The Board of County Commissioners adopted supplemental appropriations during 2024.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash and investments for the County are as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 3,300
Cash in banks	10,882,106
COLOTrust	6,621,320
COLOTrust Edge	393,558
CSIP	13,064,342
C-SAFE	577,605
CSLIP	3,018,267
Investments	-
Total cash, deposits, and investments: (book balance)	34,560,498
Less: amounts related to Custodial Funds	(1,526,836)
Total cash, deposits, and investments on Statement of Net Position	\$ 33,033,662

Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes govern the County's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2024, \$9,260,750 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

Investments

The County's investment policy and Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. They include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investments contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

The County's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. The policy allows for the investment in local government investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes and the County's investment policy limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates.

Fair Value

Fair value investments classified at Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using the active market rates for the underlying securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using non-observable inputs.

Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. ColoTrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pools consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes. ColoTrust is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's.

ColoTrust Edge is a variable net asset value (NAV) local government investment pool that offers weekly liquidity to participants. Edge is suitable for a local government's strategic reserves/non-operating funds and has a NAV that is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. ColoTrust Edge measures its investments at fair value so investments in Edge are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. ColoTrust Edge investments is rated AAAF by FitchRatings.

Colorado Statewide Investment Program (CSIP) is a money market mutual fund. Portfolio investments are assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. The fair value of investments in money market funds is based on the published net asset values per share of those funds. Money market securities are valued using amortized cost. Generally, amortized cost approximates the current fair value of a security. CSIP is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's.

The Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (C-SAFE) investments are valued using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. The investments do not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions, redemption notice periods or withdrawal restrictions. CSAFE investments conform to Colorado Statutes CRS 24-75-601 et. seq. and therefore invests primarily in securities of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, Primary Dealer Repurchase Agreements, highly rated commercial paper, highly rated corporate bonds, Colorado depositories collateralized at 102% of market value according to the guidelines of the Public Deposit Protection Act. CSAFE measures all of its investments at amortized cost. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

The Centennial State Liquid Investment Pool (CSLIP) was established as a local government investment pool trust fund in May 2024 in accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado and pursuant to an Indenture of Trust for the purpose of providing a daily liquid cash management and investment vehicle for Colorado local governments. CSLIP offers a conservative, professionally managed portfolio consisting of certain allowable investments with the primary

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

objective of preserving principal, enabling liquidity, maintaining transparency, and maximizing yield. CSLIP seeks to maintain a stable \$1.00 per share Net Asset Value (NAV), meaning that Participants' investments will generally not be susceptible to price volatility. CSLIP is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at December 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

<i>Governmental Activities</i>	
General Fund	\$ 57,261
Social Services Fund	2,762
Public Health Nurse (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$26,569)	209,422
Road and Bridge Fund	1,163
Total Governmental Activities Accounts Receivable, net	270,608
 <i>Business-type Activities</i>	
Airport Fund	38,216
Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund	7,395
Total Business-Type Activities Accounts Receivable	45,611
Total Accounts Receivable, net	\$ 316,219

NOTE 5 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2024, the County had an estimated property tax receivable divided among the funds as follows:

General Fund	\$ 4,582,581
Social Services Fund	714,545
Nonmajor Funds	60,440
	\$ 5,357,566

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The County reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2024, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Social Services Fund	\$ 89,199
	Road and Bridge Fund	30,404
	Justice Center	730,525
	Custodial Fund	369,000
		1,219,128
Road and Bridge Fund	General Fund	5,513
	Weed Control Fund	583
	Airport Fund	523
		6,619
Justice Center Fund	General Fund	150,052
Airport Fund	General Fund	2,282
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	17
		\$ 1,378,098

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024, were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
General Fund	Justice Center	\$ 2,582,057
Facilities Expansion Fund	General Fund	283,100
Road an Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund	107,000
Airport Fund	General Fund	700,000
Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund	General Fund	90,000
		\$ 3,762,157

The General Fund received transfers from the Justice Center Fund for the public safety’s portion of sales tax revenue. The General Fund transferred money to the Airport Fund and Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund for construction projects. The Facilities Expansion Fund received transfers from General Fund for construction projects and improvements. The Road and Bridge Fund received transfers from the Debt Service Fund to assist with the services that are provided to the community by Road and Bridge.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2023	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2024
<i>Governmental Activities:</i>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 424,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 424,869
Construction in Progress	10,000	397,676	-	407,676
Total capital assets not being depreciated	434,869	397,676	-	832,545
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	43,283,308	348,272	-	43,631,580
Furniture and Equipment	8,253,871	583,091	13,900	8,823,062
Vehicles	2,481,067	231,020	115,151	2,596,936
Infrastructure	32,951,202	84,824	-	33,036,026
Total capital assets being depreciated	86,969,448	1,247,207	129,051	88,087,604
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	9,071,858	981,929	-	10,053,787
Furniture and Equipment	6,042,641	425,557	5,174	6,463,024
Vehicles	1,838,677	145,313	92,625	1,891,365
Infrastructure	18,785,771	926,842	-	19,712,613
Total accumulated depreciation	35,738,947	2,479,641	97,799	38,120,789
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	51,230,501	(1,232,434)	31,252	49,966,815
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 51,665,370</u>	<u>\$ (834,758)</u>	<u>\$ 31,252</u>	<u>\$ 50,799,360</u>
<i>Business-Type Activities:</i>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 28,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,386
Construction in Progress	831,613	4,569,114	47,779	5,352,948
Total capital assets not being depreciated	859,999	4,569,114	47,779	5,381,334
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	6,624,042	79,876	-	6,703,918
Equipment	1,415,661	15,000	-	1,430,661
Land Improvements	17,852,055	34,430	-	17,886,485
Total capital assets being depreciated	25,891,758	129,306	-	26,021,064
Less accumulated depreciation:	6,167,679	1,105,166	-	7,272,845
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,724,079	(975,860)	-	18,748,219
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 20,584,078</u>	<u>\$ 3,593,254</u>	<u>\$ 47,779</u>	<u>\$ 24,129,553</u>

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 182,359
Public Safety	969,785
Health and Welfare	151,794
Highways and Streets	1,088,195
Culture and Recreation	87,508
	<u>\$ 2,479,641</u>
Business-Type Activities	
Airport	\$ 1,077,404
Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund	27,762
	<u>\$ 1,105,166</u>

NOTE 8 LEASES RECEIVABLE

The County is leasing multiple hangars at the County Airport. The County has recognized a lease receivable as of December 31, 2024 for the terms of these leases.

Total lease revenue recognized during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024 was \$56,073 and \$14,682 of interest income.

The following is the lease receivable schedule as of December 31, 2024:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 59,068	\$ 11,684	\$ 70,752
2026	62,227	8,525	70,752
2027	65,554	5,198	70,752
2028	58,826	1,738	60,564
2029	4,978	32	5,010
	<u>\$ 250,653</u>	<u>\$ 27,177</u>	<u>\$ 277,830</u>

NOTE 9 LOAN RECEIVABLE

The County sold the Right of Passage Building located at 1317 17th Street, Alamosa, CO to Roofers in Recovery, a Colorado Nonprofit Corporation, for \$700,000 on January 18, 2023. \$120,531 was paid upfront in 2023 and the remaining \$580,000 was financed through the County at 2% interest. Annual payments were due to the County from Roofers in Recovery with final payment due December 15, 2027. A loan receivable and deferred inflow of resources was recorded in the governmental funds for \$468,548.

The December 15, 2024 annual payment of \$123,052 was not made during 2024. The County received all principal and interest payments of \$478,219 in January 2025 to pay the loan receivable in full.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	12/31/2023			12/31/2024	
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	Due Within One Year
<i>Governmental Activities</i>					
Financed Purchase Agreements	\$ 2,197,617	\$ -	\$ 251,660	\$ 1,945,957	\$ 263,239
Certificates of Participation	15,650,000	-	1,015,000	14,635,000	1,055,000
Premium on COP's	1,535,154	-	127,929	1,407,225	127,929
Compensated Absences	414,016	529,977	-	943,993	644,154
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 19,796,787</u>	<u>\$ 529,977</u>	<u>\$ 1,394,589</u>	<u>\$ 18,932,175</u>	<u>\$ 2,090,322</u>
<i>Business-Type Activities</i>					
Financed Purchase Agreements	\$ 13,505	\$ -	\$ 13,505	\$ -	\$ -
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 13,505</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,505</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Governmental Activities

Financed Purchase Agreements

2013 Alamosa County Services and Department of Human Services Building Agreement

An annually renewable Financed Purchase Agreement, dated December 9, 2013, was entered into between a Bank and Alamosa County (the "County"). The Bank issued \$2,735,000 to the County to construct the new Annex building. The County is financing the Department of Social Services building back at 3.9% interest via a Financed Purchase Agreement. The County used the proceeds to repay the 2009 financed purchase agreement and to construct the new Annex building on land owned by the County and located in Alamosa, Colorado for the housing of County offices. The building is included in capital assets at a cost of \$3,230,870 with accumulated depreciation of \$1,001,570.

Payments are due to the Bank in March, June, September, and December through December 2033. The County can purchase the building back at any time for the Purchase Option Price included in the agreement. Payments will be made from the Debt Service Fund. Principal balance at December 31, 2024, was \$1,493,762.

2022 John Deere Motor Grader Agreement

A Financed Purchase Agreement, dated September 27, 2022, was entered into between Deere Credit, Inc. and Alamosa County (the "County"). The agreement is for the purchase of a 2022 John Deere Motor Grader. The grader is included in capital assets at a cost of \$325,422 with accumulated depreciation of \$123,926.

Annual payments with 4.45% interest are due to Deere Credit, Inc. in July. The first payment is due in July 2023 and the last payment in July 2027. Payments will be made from the Road and Bridge Fund. Principal balance at December 31, 2024, was \$203,854.

2023 Caterpillar Motor Grader Agreement

A Financed Purchase Agreement, dated March 22, 2023, was entered into between San Luis Valley Federal Bank and Alamosa County (the "County"). The agreement is for the purchase of a 2023 Caterpillar Motor Grader. The grader is included in capital assets at a cost of \$380,800 with accumulated depreciation of \$95,386.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Annual payments with 5.875% interest are due to San Luis Valley Federal Bank in March. The first payment is due in March 2024 and the last payment in March 2028. Payments will be made from the Road and Bridge Fund. Principal balance at December 31, 2024, was \$248,341.

The annual debt service for the agreements are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 263,239	\$ 80,046	\$ 343,285
2026	275,126	68,159	343,285
2027	287,566	55,719	343,285
2028	226,313	42,829	269,142
2029	165,169	32,451	197,620
2030-2033	728,544	61,844	790,388
	\$ 1,945,957	\$ 341,048	\$ 2,287,005

Certificates of Participation

2016 Justice Center Financed Purchase Agreement

An annually renewable Financed Purchase Agreement, dated October 15, 2016, was entered into between UMB Bank and Alamosa County. UMB Bank issued \$21,735,000 of Certificates of Participation Series 2016 to finance the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of various public improvements, and paying the costs of issuance by UMB Bank. The buildings will be financed to the County from UMB Bank under the Financed Purchase Agreement, dated October 15, 2016. The detention center is included in capital assets at a cost of \$10,534,469 with accumulated depreciation of \$1,053,447, and the justice center is included in capital assets at a cost of \$14,821,952 with accumulated depreciation of \$2,609,752, at December 31, 2024.

The County will make payments to UMB Bank, and UMB Bank will use those funds to pay the principal and interest payments prescribed by the Certificates of Participation document. Payments on these Certificates of Participation will be funded from the judicial and detention sales tax. Principal repayments began November 15, 2017, and will finish on November 15, 2035. The interest rate ranges from 2.00% to 5.00% and will be paid semi-annually. The cost of issuing the Certificates of Participation was \$197,562. Principal balance at December 31, 2024, was \$14,635,000.

The annual debt service for the certificates are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,055,000	\$ 640,500	\$ 1,695,500
2026	1,100,000	599,150	1,699,150
2027	1,145,000	552,400	1,697,400
2028	1,200,000	495,150	1,695,150
2029	1,260,000	435,150	1,695,150
2030-2034	7,245,000	1,240,850	8,485,850
2035	1,630,000	65,200	1,695,200
	\$ 14,635,000	\$ 4,028,400	\$ 18,663,400

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Business Type Activities:

Financed Purchase Agreement

2008 Airport Air Ambulance Hangar Agreement

Agreement payable to a bank, payable in monthly installments of \$1,798 including interest at 4.50%, for the purchase of a hangar. Final payment was made in 2024.

NOTE 11 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

All eligible employees, participate in the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) (the Plan), a defined contribution plan, authorized by state statute. The Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Employees are eligible after completing twelve months of service with Alamosa County, and participation is mandatory after one year of employment. Employee and employer contributions are 100% vested immediately upon employee participation in the plan.

The County must contribute 4% of the compensation of each participant. Each participant contributes a minimum amount equal to the County's contribution, and is permitted to make additional contributions not to exceed 10% of their compensation. For the year ended December 31, 2024, employee contributions totaled \$355,119 and the County recognized pension expense of \$355,119. The County recognized \$2,162 of forfeitures in retirement expense during 2024.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. The Plan may be amended by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners but it may not be amended beyond the limits established by state statute.

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County also offers its employees an additional voluntary deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457(f), administered by Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) (the Plan).

The Plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergencies. The County has no other liability other than to make the required monthly contribution.

NOTE 13 COLORADO CONTRABAND FORFEITURE ACT

We have reviewed financial activities in the Sheriff's Department for compliance with the above referenced act. There were no sales of contraband during the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 14 TABOR AMENDMENT RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. The voters of the County have approved a measure that allows the County to retain and spend revenue in excess of the limit.

The amendment also requires that Emergency Reserves be established. These reserves must be at least three percent of fiscal year spending. The Emergency Reserve has been presented as restricted fund balance/net position in the financial statements. The County is not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The inter-governmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2024, CAPP had assets of \$33,762,267, liabilities of \$23,939,800 (including \$22,655,070 reserved for losses and claims), and members' equity of \$9,822,467. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to \$17,520,103 and total expenses were \$17,773,221, resulting in net loss before return of surplus of \$253,118.

Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County has joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2024, CWCP had assets of \$56,681,598, liabilities of \$31,081,500 (including \$25,576,065 reserved for losses and claims) and members' equity of \$25,600,098. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to \$11,279,000, total expenses were \$7,047,665, resulting in net income before return of surplus of \$4,231,335.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

NOTE 16 JOINT VENTURES

San Luis Valley Regional Solid Waste Authority

The San Luis Valley Regional Solid Waste Authority (the Authority) was created by an intergovernmental agreement between Rio Grande County and Alamosa County on April 14, 1995, pursuant to the authority granted by C.R.S. 29-1-203. It has been designated as a joint venture under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14. Its purpose is to provide the citizens of both counties an integrated municipal solid waste disposal facility in accordance with provision of C.R.S. 30-20-1005.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of five members as follows: one Rio Grande County Commissioner, one Alamosa County Commissioner, one director appointed by the City of Monte Vista, one director appointed by the City of Alamosa, and one director who is a member of the Rio Grande County Land Use or administrative staff as appointed by the Rio Grande County Commissioners.

It is the intent of the counties that the initial funding of the Authority by each county be provided on a loan basis in substantially the same proportion that the population of each county bears to the combined population of both counties. Alamosa and Rio Grande Counties may provide additional funding at any time in the future if they choose to do so by resolution.

Closure and Post-Closure Care

Rio Grande and Alamosa Counties are exposed to closure and post-closure expenses should the Authority be unable to meet those obligations when they become due. Management believes the risk of failure to be minimal. State and federal laws and regulations require the Authority to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Authority reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The Authority reported \$1,531,368 as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at December 31, 2024, that represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 47% of the estimated capacity of the landfill.

The Authority will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$1,678,529 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2024, the most recent information available. As the Authority expects to close the landfill in the year 2043, the remaining useful life is 19 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The most recent audited financial statements of the Authority report total assets of \$5,262,559, total liabilities of \$1,627,098, and net position of \$3,635,461 at December 31, 2024.

The San Luis Valley Regional Solid Waste Authority issues publicly available annual financial statements. That report may be obtained by writing to the San Luis Valley Regional Solid Waste Authority, PO Box 861, Monte Vista, Colorado 81144.

NOTE 17 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs – The County participates in a number of federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the County expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2024

Insurance Pools – The County is a member of the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP) and the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP). CAPP and CWCP have a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in their annually established loss funds and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds are direct liabilities of the participating members. CAPP and CWCP have indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs. The ultimate liability to the County resulting from claims not covered by CAPP and CWCP is not presently determinable.

Litigation – The County is a party to various legal actions normally associated with governmental activities, the aggregate effect which, in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to the financial statements.

Airport Building – The County is in the process of constructing an aircraft rescue, firefighting, and snow removal building. \$4,297,934 will be received from the Federal Aviation Administration with a 5% match required. The construction estimated completion date is the beginning of 2025. As of December 31, 2024, project costs are approximately \$5,197,579 with total estimated completion costs of \$5,449,467.

Alamosa State Bank Building – The Alamosa State Bank Board of Directors donated the building located at 601 Main Street in Alamosa, to Alamosa County to be remodeled into a permanent facility for the 12th Judicial District Attorney. The Commissioners accepted the donation and are in the process of remodeling the building at December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2024, project costs are approximately \$233,700 with a total estimated completion costs of \$2,555,255. \$1,234,028 of these costs are grant funded with \$848,000 of grant funding from the Department of Local Affairs, and the remaining amount will be paid with a lease purchase agreement. The construction is estimated to be completed by September 2025.

Coroner Building – The County is in the process of constructing a Coroner Building. The construction estimated completion date is July 2025. As of December 31, 2024, project costs are approximately \$83,552 with an estimated completion cost of \$358,759.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the County's major special revenue funds.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>BUDGETED AMOUNTS</u>		<u>ACTUAL</u>	<u>VARIANCE WITH</u>
	<u>ORIGINAL</u>	<u>FINAL</u>		<u>FINAL BUDGET</u>
				<u>POSITIVE</u>
				<u>(NEGATIVE)</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 8,478,407	\$ 8,481,107	\$ 8,923,572	\$ 442,465
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,483,626	2,722,217	1,183,816	(1,538,401)
Licenses and Permits	154,450	154,450	271,559	117,109
Fines and Forfeitures	107,000	105,500	39,683	(65,817)
Interest on Deposits	250,000	258,000	1,643,816	1,385,816
Charges for Services	1,112,200	987,200	1,059,062	71,862
Miscellaneous	349,241	226,450	329,239	102,789
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>12,934,924</u>	<u>12,934,924</u>	<u>13,450,747</u>	<u>515,823</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	7,576,974	7,721,333	5,380,153	2,341,180
Public Safety	6,520,134	6,520,134	6,249,915	270,219
Judicial	633,298	633,298	633,297	1
Auxiliary Services	741,354	750,995	583,544	167,451
Capital Outlay	339,711	363,711	183,458	180,253
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>15,811,471</u>	<u>15,989,471</u>	<u>13,030,367</u>	<u>2,959,104</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,876,547)	(3,054,547)	420,380	3,474,927
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,582,057	(17,943)
Transfers Out	(850,000)	(850,000)	(1,073,100)	(223,100)
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	15,380	15,380
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>1,750,000</u>	<u>1,750,000</u>	<u>1,524,337</u>	<u>(225,663)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,126,547)	(1,304,547)	1,944,717	3,249,264
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	<u>14,656,904</u>	<u>14,656,904</u>	<u>14,847,816</u>	<u>190,912</u>
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$ 13,530,357</u>	<u>\$ 13,352,357</u>	<u>\$ 16,792,533</u>	<u>\$ 3,440,176</u>

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.
The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 522,476	\$ 522,476	\$ 528,303	\$ 5,827
Intergovernmental Revenue	3,435,131	3,435,131	2,675,700	(759,431)
Fees	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	152,500	152,500	142,593	(9,907)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,110,107	4,110,107	3,346,596	(763,511)
EXPENDITURES				
Highways and Streets	3,545,245	3,545,245	2,783,185	762,060
Capital Outlay	2,022,823	2,022,823	699,879	1,322,944
Debt Service	397,672	397,672	145,665	252,007
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,965,740	5,965,740	3,628,729	2,337,011
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,855,633)	(1,855,633)	(282,133)	1,573,500
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	107,000	107,000	107,000	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-
Debt Proceeds	-	-	-	-
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	107,000	107,000	107,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,748,633)	(1,748,633)	(175,133)	1,573,500
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,569,415	4,569,415	4,774,571	205,156
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,820,782	\$ 2,820,782	\$ 4,599,438	\$ 1,778,656

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.
The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SOCIAL SERVICES FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUE				
Taxes	\$ 892,733	\$ 892,733	\$ 955,241	\$ 62,508
Intergovernmental Revenue	20,031,345	20,031,345	15,809,007	(4,222,338)
TOTAL REVENUE	20,924,078	20,924,078	16,764,248	(4,159,830)
EXPENDITURES				
Health and Welfare	21,353,250	21,353,250	16,444,178	4,909,072
Capital Outlay	11,500	11,500	-	11,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,364,750	21,364,750	16,444,178	4,920,572
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(440,672)	(440,672)	320,070	760,742
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-	-
Change in Fund Balance	(440,672)	(440,672)	320,070	760,742
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,158,444	2,158,444	2,526,272	367,828
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,717,772	\$ 1,717,772	\$ 2,846,342	\$ 1,128,570

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.
The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
JUSTICE CENTER FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		FINAL BUDGET
				POSITIVE
				(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 4,532,784	\$ 4,532,784	\$ 4,638,445	\$ 105,661
Intergovernmental Revenue	-	-	180,482	(180,482)
Miscellaneous	-	-	79,538	(79,538)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,532,784	4,532,784	4,898,465	365,681
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	572,450	572,450	478,884	93,566
Public Safety	-	-	79,538	(79,538)
Capital Outlay	396,828	396,828	442,277	(45,449)
Debt Service	1,533,935	1,698,000	1,695,300	2,700
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,503,213	2,667,278	2,695,999	(28,721)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	2,029,571	1,865,506	2,202,466	336,960
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(2,644,500)	(2,644,500)	(2,582,057)	62,443
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,644,500)	(2,644,500)	(2,582,057)	62,443
Net Change in Fund Balance	(614,929)	(778,994)	(379,591)	399,403
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	5,432,403	5,432,403	5,533,224	100,821
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,817,474	\$ 4,653,409	\$ 5,153,633	\$ 500,224

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.
The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The combining financial statements represent the second level of financial reporting for the County. These financial statements present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Public Health Fund – This fund is used to account for multiple programs of providing public health nursing services. Financing is provided by grants and fees for services.

Conservation Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the County share of the state lottery program. The monies may be expended for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, and other public recreational facilities.

Tourism and Development Fund – This fund is used to account for the County share of the lodging tax collected on each hotel/motel that is rented in Alamosa County. The monies may be expended to promote Alamosa County to tourists.

Northwest Weed Control District Fund – This fund is used to provide monies for spraying of undesirable plants along the roads within the northwest corner of the County.

Local Marketing District Fund – This fund is used to oversee the collection and disbursement of a 4% cultural and tourism tax on each hotel/motel room sold in Alamosa County.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Facilities Expansion Fund – This fund is used to account for the facility construction projects of Alamosa County.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for principal and interest.

Lease Service Fund – This fund is used to pay the debt service on the construction of the Alamosa County buildings, which were financed through Financed Purchase Agreements.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
COMBINING SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND
BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2024

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Community Development Fund</u>	<u>Equipment Acquisition Fund</u>	<u>Radar Tower Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,916,152	\$ 430,576	\$ 236,517	\$ 16,167	\$ 15,599,412
Receivables					
Accounts Receivable	57,261	-	-	-	57,261
Property Taxes Receivable	4,529,265	53,316	-	-	4,582,581
Loan Receivable	468,548	-	-	-	468,548
Due from Other Funds	1,219,128	-	-	-	1,219,128
Due from Other Governments	752,269	-	-	-	752,269
Prepaid Expenses	-	15,266	-	-	15,266
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 21,942,623</u>	<u>\$ 499,158</u>	<u>\$ 236,517</u>	<u>\$ 16,167</u>	<u>\$ 22,694,465</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 235,442	\$ 24,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,722
Accrued Liabilities	16,703	-	-	-	16,703
Due to Other Funds	157,829	35	-	-	157,864
Due to Other Governments	416,514	-	-	-	416,514
Unearned Grant Revenue	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>826,488</u>	<u>24,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>850,803</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	4,529,265	53,316	-	-	4,582,581
Unavailable Revenue - Loan	468,548	-	-	-	468,548
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>4,997,813</u>	<u>53,316</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,051,129</u>
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable	-	15,266	-	-	15,266
Restricted	825,000	-	-	-	825,000
Committed	205,220	-	236,517	16,167	457,904
Assigned	370,013	406,261	-	-	776,274
Unassigned	14,718,089	-	-	-	14,718,089
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>16,118,322</u>	<u>421,527</u>	<u>236,517</u>	<u>16,167</u>	<u>16,792,533</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 21,942,623</u>	<u>\$ 499,158</u>	<u>\$ 236,517</u>	<u>\$ 16,167</u>	<u>\$ 22,694,465</u>

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
COMBINING SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General Fund	Community Development Fund	Equipment Acquisition Fund	Radar Tower Fund	Eliminations	Total
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 8,789,034	\$ 134,538	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,923,572
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,183,816	-	-	-	-	1,183,816
Licenses and Permits	271,559	-	-	-	-	271,559
Charges for Services	1,059,062	-	-	-	-	1,059,062
Fines and Forfeitures	39,683	-	-	-	-	39,683
Interest on Deposits	1,643,816	-	-	-	-	1,643,816
Miscellaneous	178,248	50,000	90,991	10,000	-	329,239
TOTAL REVENUES	13,165,218	184,538	90,991	10,000	-	13,450,747
EXPENDITURES						
Current Expenditures						
General Government	5,380,153	-	-	-	-	5,380,153
Public Safety	6,249,915	-	-	-	-	6,249,915
Judicial	633,297	-	-	-	-	633,297
Auxiliary Services	151,647	378,145	-	53,752	-	583,544
Capital Outlay	143,458	-	40,000	-	-	183,458
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,558,470	378,145	40,000	53,752	-	13,030,367
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	606,748	(193,607)	50,991	(43,752)	-	420,380
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	2,582,057	-	-	10,000	(10,000)	2,582,057
Transfers Out	(1,083,100)	-	-	-	10,000	(1,073,100)
Sale of Capital Assets	15,380	-	-	-	-	15,380
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,514,337	-	-	10,000	-	1,524,337
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,121,085	(193,607)	50,991	(33,752)	-	1,944,717
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	13,997,237	615,134	185,526	49,919	-	14,847,816
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 16,118,322	\$ 421,527	\$ 236,517	\$ 16,167	\$ -	\$ 16,792,533

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
December 31, 2024

	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTALS
	Public Health Fund	Conservation Trust Fund	Tourism and Development Fund	Northwest Weed Control District Fund	Local Marketing District Fund	Facilities Expansion Fund	Lease Service Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 784,755	\$ 663,516	\$ 172,539	\$ 25,331	\$ 939,950	\$ 177,354	\$ 124,101	\$ 2,887,546
Accounts Receivable	209,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	209,422
Property Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	17,788	-	-	42,652	60,440
Due from Other Governments	-	-	64,848	-	79,073	4,936	10,784	159,641
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	17
Prepaid Expenses	2,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,172
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 996,349	\$ 663,516	\$ 237,387	\$ 43,119	\$ 1,019,023	\$ 182,290	\$ 177,554	\$ 3,319,238
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,080	\$ -	\$ 4,419	\$ -	\$ 19,320	\$ 8,886	\$ -	\$ 34,705
Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	583	-	-	-	583
Unearned Grant Revenue	95,635	-	-	-	-	-	-	95,635
TOTAL LIABILITIES	97,715	-	4,419	583	19,320	8,886	-	130,923
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	-	-	-	17,788	-	-	42,652	60,440
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable	2,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,172
Committed	896,462	663,516	232,968	24,748	999,703	173,404	134,902	3,125,703
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	898,634	663,516	232,968	24,748	999,703	173,404	134,902	3,127,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 996,349	\$ 663,516	\$ 237,387	\$ 43,119	\$ 1,019,023	\$ 182,290	\$ 177,554	\$ 3,319,238

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTALS
	Public Health Fund	Conservation Trust Fund	Tourism and Development Fund	Northwest Weed Control District Fund	Local Marketing District Fund	Facilities Expansion Fund	Lease Service Fund	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 373,330	\$ 22,031	\$ 743,789	\$ 3	\$ 118,404	\$ 1,257,557
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,576,406	81,026	-	-	-	55,135	-	1,712,567
Licenses and Permits	117,475	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,475
Charges for Services	218,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	218,335
Interest on Investments	-	1,161	10,667	-	10,667	-	-	22,495
Miscellaneous	19,505	936	-	-	38,114	-	101,339	159,894
TOTAL REVENUES	1,931,721	83,123	383,997	22,031	792,570	55,138	219,743	3,488,323
EXPENDITURES								
Current Expenditures								
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	4,900	-	4,900
Health and Welfare	2,164,123	-	-	14,305	-	-	-	2,178,428
Auxiliary Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	34,192	374,083	-	724,682	-	-	1,132,957
Capital Outlay	-	103,893	-	106,800	-	236,336	-	447,029
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,620	197,620
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,164,123	138,085	374,083	121,105	724,682	241,236	197,620	3,960,934
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(232,402)	(54,962)	9,914	(99,074)	67,888	(186,098)	22,123	(472,611)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	283,100	-	283,100
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	-	(107,000)	(107,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	-	-	-	283,100	(107,000)	176,100
Net Change in Fund Balance	(232,402)	(54,962)	9,914	(99,074)	67,888	97,002	(84,877)	(296,511)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,131,036	718,478	223,054	123,822	931,815	76,402	219,779	3,424,386
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 898,634	\$ 663,516	\$ 232,968	\$ 24,748	\$ 999,703	\$ 173,404	\$ 134,902	\$ 3,127,875

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, AND ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		EXPENDITURES	ADJUSTMENTS	EXPENDITURES	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	REPORTED ON THE GAAP BASIS	TO BUDGETARY BASIS	ON THE BUDGETARY BASIS	WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Governmental Funds						
Capital Projects Fund						
Facilities Expansion Fund	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 241,236	\$ -	\$ 241,236	\$ 828,764
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds						
Public Health Fund	2,336,198	2,336,198	2,164,123	-	2,164,123	172,075
Conservation Trust Fund	247,156	247,156	138,085	-	138,085	109,071
Tourism and Development Fund	385,000	385,000	374,083	-	374,083	10,917
Northwest Weed Control District Fund	19,750	126,750	121,105	-	121,105	5,645
Local Marketing District Fund	807,150	832,150	724,682	-	724,682	107,468
Total Special Revenue Funds	3,795,254	3,927,254	3,522,078	-	3,522,078	405,176
Debt Service Fund						
Lease Service Fund	304,620	304,620	304,620	-	304,620	-
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 5,169,874</u>	<u>\$ 5,301,874</u>	<u>\$ 4,067,934</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,067,934</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,940</u>
Proprietary Funds						
Enterprise Funds						
Mosca Wastewater Treatment Fund	\$ 182,726	\$ 182,726	\$ 88,408	\$ 3,749	\$ 92,157	\$ 90,569
Airport Fund	4,475,004	5,917,776	2,115,690	3,555,130	5,670,820	246,956
Total Enterprise Funds	4,657,730	6,100,502	2,204,098	3,558,879	5,762,977	337,525
Internal Service Fund						
Health Insurance Fund	2,124,662	2,490,660	2,259,345	-	2,259,345	231,315
Total Proprietary Funds	<u>\$ 6,782,392</u>	<u>\$ 8,591,162</u>	<u>\$ 4,463,443</u>	<u>\$ 3,558,879</u>	<u>\$ 8,022,322</u>	<u>\$ 568,840</u>

Adjustments to budgetary basis for proprietary funds include the cost of capitalized assets, depreciation expense, and debt payments.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
OTHER SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually.

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

City or County:
Alamosa County
YEAR ENDING :
December 2024

This Information From The Records Of Alamosa County Prepared By: MariCruz Mora
Phone: 719-587-5170

I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

ITEM	A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes	B. Local Motor-Vehicle Taxes	C. Receipts from State Highway-User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disbursements:	
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from page 2)	1,466,414
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	1,593,314
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street services:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control operations	17,852
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice removal	43,064
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	528,304	c. Other	6,936
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	249,593	d. Total (a. through c.)	67,852
5. Transfers from toll facilities		4. General administration & miscellaneous	355,486
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety	
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)	3,483,066
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on local obligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:	
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest	
7. Total (1 through 6)	777,897	b. Redemption	
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)	0
C. Receipts from State government (from page 2)	2,346,444	2. Notes:	
D. Receipts from Federal Government (from page 2)	329,257	a. Interest	29,823
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	3,453,598	b. Redemption	115,842
		c. Total (a. + b.)	145,665
		3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	145,665
		C. Payments to State for highways	
		D. Payments to toll facilities	
		E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	3,628,731

IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				0
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)	567,987		115,842	452,145

V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	4,774,572	3,453,598	3,628,731	4,599,439	

Notes and Comments:

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

STATE:
Colorado
YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
December 2024

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	87	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalties	
1. Sales Taxes	528,217	c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	36,575
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other		g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	528,217	h. Other	213,018
c. Total (a. + b.)	528,304	i. Total (a. through h.)	249,593
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
1. Highway-user taxes	2,304,590	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	25,926
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	41,854	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal - PILT	303,331
f. Total (a. through e.)	41,854	g. Total (a. through f.)	329,257
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	2,346,444	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation		1,466,414	1,466,414
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	1,466,414	1,466,414
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	1,466,414	1,466,414
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

<i>Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</i>	<i>Assistance Listing Number</i>	<i>Pass-through Grantor and Number</i>	<i>Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)</i>	<i>Federal Expenditures (\$)</i>
CCDF Cluster				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	\$ -	\$ 387,601
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	193,995
Total CCDF Cluster			-	581,596
SNAP Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	9,668
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	391,707
Total SNAP Cluster			-	401,375
Food Distribution Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	Colorado Department of Human Services and Care and Share Food Bank, N/A	-	70,932
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)	10.569	Colorado Department of Human Services and Care and Share Food Bank, N/A	-	238,004
Total Food Distribution Cluster			-	308,936
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	Colorado Department of Treasury, N/A	6,482	25,926
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			6,482	25,926
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Grants to States for Medicaid	93.778	Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing, N/A	-	506,715
Total Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)			-	506,715
Highway Safety Cluster				
U.S. Department of Transportation				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Colorado Department of Transportation, N/A	-	125,981
Total Highway Safety Cluster			-	125,981
Total All Clusters			6,482	1,950,529

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

<i>Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</i>	<i>Assistance Listing Number</i>	<i>Pass-through Grantor and Number</i>	<i>Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)</i>	<i>Federal Expenditures (\$)</i>
<i>Other Programs</i>				
U.S. Department of Justice				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Colorado Division of Criminal Justice, N/A	-	167,438
<i>Total U.S. Department of Justice</i>			-	167,438
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program, Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs, and COVID-19 Airports Programs	20.106		-	3,801,850
<i>Total U.S. Department of Transportation</i>			-	3,801,850
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	68,388
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA ARPA SLFRF	-	88,364
<i>Total U.S. Department of the Treasury</i>			-	156,752
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, PHPCONT	-	47,753
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	2,355
Food and Drug Administration Research	93.103		-	19,000
COVID-19 Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, IMM#4	-	35,992
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, FFHDP PFLU/PPHF	-	12,479
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, ELC 2.1/2.2	-	119,828
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA	-	23,579
Title IV-E Kinship Navigator Program	93.471	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	27,174
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	13,687
COVID-19 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	12,135

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

<i>Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</i>	<i>Assistance Listing Number</i>	<i>Pass-through Grantor and Number</i>	<i>Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)</i>	<i>Federal Expenditures (\$)</i>
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	715,608
Child Support Services	93.563	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	279,566
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	592,357
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	10,771
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	314,822
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	226,810
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	60,699
COVID-19 Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	11,120
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Collaboration with Academia to Strengthen Public Health	93.967	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA CDC	-	20,065
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant	93.991	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA PBG	-	47,478
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA	-	30,198
<i>Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</i>			<u>-</u>	<u>2,623,476</u>
<i>Total Other Programs</i>			<u>-</u>	<u>6,749,516</u>
<i>Total Expenditures of Federal Awards</i>			<u>\$ 6,482</u>	<u>\$ 8,700,045</u>

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Alamosa County, Colorado under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Alamosa County, Colorado, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Alamosa County, Colorado.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exceptions. Funds passed-through the Colorado Department of Human Services, Department of Public Health and Environment, Department of Health Care Policy and Financing, and Care and Share Food Bank are reported on a cash basis. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster funds were passed through to subrecipients. The County did not elect to use the 10-percent or 15-percent de minimis indirect cost rate, as applicable, as allowed under Uniform Guidance for the year ended December 31, 2024.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**



**Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.**

To the Board of County Commissioners
Alamosa County, Colorado
Alamosa, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alamosa County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those

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provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

June 6, 2025

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**



**Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.**

To the Board of County Commissioners
Alamosa County, Colorado
Alamosa, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Alamosa County, Colorado's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

June 6, 2025

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ended December 31, 2024

Section I – Summary of Auditors’ Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors’ report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are **not** considered to be material weakness(es)? _____yes X none reported
- Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _____yes X no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? _____yes X no
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are **not** considered to be material weakness(es)? _____yes X none reported

Type of auditors’ report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)? _____yes X no

Identification of major programs:

<u>Assistance Listing Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
20.106	Airport Improvement Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? _____yes X no

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
December 31, 2024

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2023-001: Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
(Repeat of Finding 2022-001, 2021-001, 2020-001, 2019-001, and 2018-001)

Type of finding: Internal Control (significant deficiency)

Condition: The County's system of internal controls did not detect and correct financial misstatements.

Recommendation: The County should continue to strengthen its internal controls with adopted policies and procedures to ensure non-routine transactions are properly recorded.

Status: Implemented.

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO

**PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM
AUDIT SECTION**

ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SAN LUIS VALLEY REGIONAL AIRPORT
SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES COLLECTED AND EXPENDED
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Total Authorization</u>	<u>Program Total 12/31/2023</u>	<u>Year Ended 12/31/2024</u>	<u>Program Total 12/31/2024</u>
Revenue:				
Collections		\$ 578,179	\$ 48,457	\$ 626,636
Disbursements:				
Application 96-01-C-00-ALS:				
Construct Parallel Taxiway A	\$ 288,836	288,836	-	288,836
Application 16-02-C-00-ALS:				
Acquire Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting Vehicle	16,812	16,812	-	16,812
Construct New Terminal Building	42,158	42,158	-	42,158
PFC Administration	8,000	8,000	-	8,000
Rehabilitate Runway 2/20 (Design)	16,667	16,667	-	16,667
Rehabilitate Runway 2/20 (Construction)	341,667	205,706	48,457	254,163
Total Disbursements	<u>\$ 714,140</u>	<u>578,179</u>	<u>48,457</u>	<u>626,636</u>
Net PFC Revenue (revenue - disbursement)		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
PFC Account Balance		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) Collected and Expended (Schedule) includes the PFC activity of the San Luis Valley Regional Airport. The information in this schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis as specified in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in preparation of, the basic financial statements.

PFC expenditures may consist of direct project costs, administrative costs, debt service costs, and bond financing costs, if requested in the application. Eligible expenditures not requested or approved in the application are not applied against PFCs collected. The accompanying Schedule of PFCs Collected and Expended include eligible expenditures that have been applied against PFCs collected as of December 31, 2024.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH
REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY
CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
ISSUED BY THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION**



**Wall,
Smith,
Bateman Inc.**

To the Board of County Commissioners
of Alamosa County
Alamosa, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Passenger Facility Charges

Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charges

We have audited San Luis Valley Regional Airport's (the Airport) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (the Guide) for the year ended December 31, 2024.

In our opinion, the Airport complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of the passenger facility charge program for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charges

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Airport and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the passenger facility charge program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Airport's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the passenger facility charge program.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Airport's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Guide will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Airport's compliance with the requirements of the passenger facility charge program.

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In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Guide we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Airport's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Airport's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.
Alamosa, Colorado

June 6, 2025

**ALAMOSA COUNTY, COLORADO
SAN LUIS VALLEY REGIONAL AIRPORT
PFC AUDIT – SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

Schedule of Findings

2024: None

Summary Schedule of Prior Findings

2023: None